Public Sector Data Management Review

- The PM&C Review found current legislation may pose real or perceived barriers to effective use, sharing, linking and release of public data.
- Attempts to maximise the value of public sector data are potentially being held back due to outdated understanding of legislation and an overly cautious, low risk tolerance.



What the Privacy Act covers

- Applies to personal information: information about an identified or reasonably identifiable individual.
- Does not generally apply to de-identified information: information that is no longer about an identifiable or reasonably identifiable individual.
- The PM&C Review found this was not widely known or understood across the APS.



De-identification under the Privacy Act

- De-identifying a single dataset within an agency is a 'use' of the information under the Privacy Act.
- This requires consideration of the Privacy Act and in particular Australian Privacy Principle 6, but is likely to be possible in many cases unless a secrecy provision in another law applies*.
- Linking multiple datasets before de-identification involves an additional use of the information.
 - This again requires consideration of the Privacy
 Act and any applicable secrecy provisions.

Privacy regulator's de-identification advice

- Where you have established the need and ability to de-identify information:
 - consider and choose de-identification techniques
 - undertake de-identification and test effectiveness
 - assess the risks of re-identification
 - reassess potential risk of re-identification over time as required.

(For more detail, see OAIC resource, De-identification of data and information.)