

Post <sup>1</sup>	Key UNHCR Caseloads	Refugee Allocation
<b>Africa</b>		<b>1100</b>
<b>Nairobi</b>	DRC Congolese, Eritreans, Ethiopians, Somalis* and Sudanese in east Africa, Horn of Africa, Great Lakes and southern Africa.	1100
<b>Middle East</b>		<b>6050</b>
<b>Amman</b>	Iraqis in Syria and Jordan	1500
<b>Ankara</b>	Iraqis and Iranian Baha'is in Turkey	700
<b>Beirut</b>	Syrians and Iraqis in Lebanon	550
<b>Cairo</b>	Ethiopians, Eritreans and Sudanese in Egypt Ethiopians and Eritreans in Sudan	400
<b>Dubai</b>	Afghans in Pakistan	1000
<b>Tehran</b>	Afghans in Iran	900
<b>Islamabad</b>	Afghan LEE (non-UNHCR Caseload)	1000
<b>Asia</b>		<b>2750</b>
<b>Bangkok</b>	Myanmar refugees in Thailand	300 – 400
<b>Jakarta</b>	Afghans, Iranians and Iraqis in Indonesia	750 – 1000
<b>Kuala Lumpur</b>	Myanmar refugees, Afghans, Iranians and Iraqis in Malaysia	1000
<b>New Delhi</b>	Bhutanese in Nepal. Myanmar refugees in India	450 – 600
<b>Other</b>	<i>UNHCR Emergency Pool and other regions (e.g. Pacific)</i>	100
<b>Refugee Category</b>		<b>10 000</b>
		<b>7800 - 7900**</b>

\* Drawn from existing on-hand pipelines.

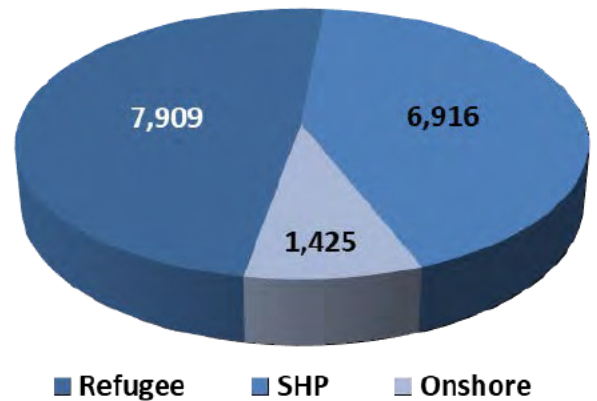
\*\*In 2013–14 a smaller number of referrals are required than the number of places in the refugee category due to large on-hand pipelines in a number of locations.



# 2017–18 Humanitarian Program Outcomes

The 2017–18 Humanitarian Program was fully delivered, with 16,250 resettlement visas granted, comprising:

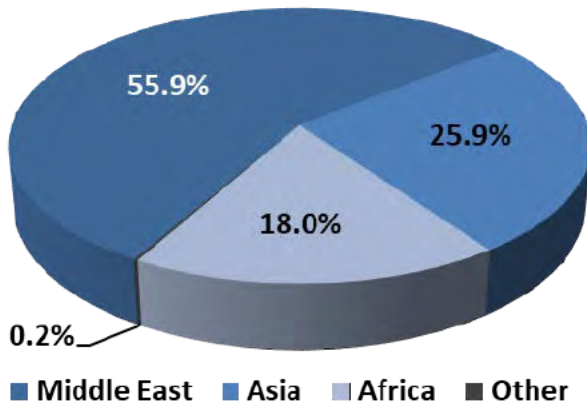
- 14,825 offshore visas
  - o 7909 Refugee category visas
  - o 6916 Special Humanitarian Program (SHP) visas
- 1425 onshore visas



## Source of offshore grants by Region

Each year, the size and focus of the Program responds to evolving humanitarian situations and changes to the global need for resettlement.

In line with global resettlement needs, in 2017–18 Australia’s offshore Humanitarian Program focused on three priority regions of the Middle East, Asia and Africa.



## Offshore grants Top 10 Countries of Birth

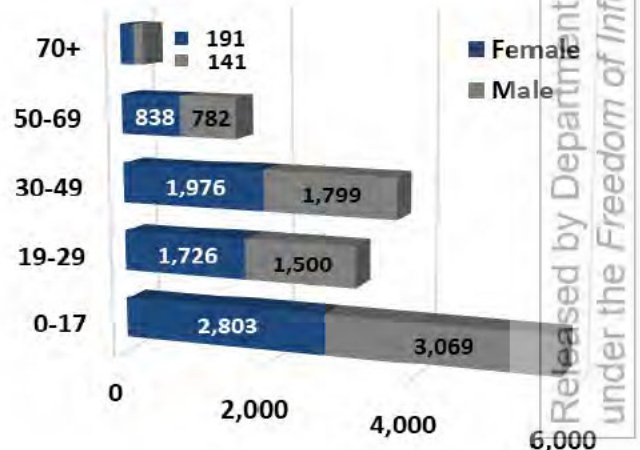
Country of Birth	Refugee	SHP	Total
Iraq	2,509	2,121	4,630
Syria	1,235	1,992	3,227
Myanmar	654	1,389	2,043
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	1,312	43	1,355
Afghanistan	816	314	1,130
Eritrea	338	156	494
Ethiopia	370	111	481
Bhutan	85	223	308
Iran	137	81	218
Tibet (so stated)	0	200	200
Other	453	286	739
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,909</b>	<b>6,916</b>	<b>14,825</b>

## Vulnerable Women and Children visa grants by top 5 countries of birth

In 2017–18, the Government continued its commitment to resettling highly vulnerable women by setting aside at least 1550 places within the offshore component of the Humanitarian Program for vulnerable women and their families.

As at 30 June 2018, a total of 2126 visas were granted to vulnerable women and their families.

## Offshore grants By Age and Gender



## Community Support Program

The Community Support Program (CSP) is a new pathway within the humanitarian program which delivers on commitments made by the Government at the *Leaders' Summit* in New York in 2016. It commenced in the 2017–18 program year.

The CSP provides an additional pathway for individuals in need who, with support available to them from the business or broader community, can become financially self-sufficient within 12 months of arrival. To be eligible for the CSP, applicants must:

- be aged between 18–50
- have functional English
- have a job offer or skills to enable them to get a job quickly
- have left their home country due to conflict or persecution and
- meet government resettlement priorities.

A network of Approved Proposing Organisations with coverage across Australia has been appointed by the Department. These organisations are responsible for securing employment for the visa applicant, managing the visa application lodgment process and overseeing the settlement of entrants in Australia.

The CSP also strongly encourages other people to get involved in supporting humanitarian entrants. Australians and Australian Businesses can help a refugee as part of a community, family or as an individual, by supporting them during their first year in Australia while they work to achieve financial self-sufficiency.

The CSP replaces the earlier Community Proposal Pilot (CPP) which commenced on 1 July 2013. Up to 1000 places were set aside for the CSP in 2017–18, and in that time 326 visas were granted under the CSP program and its predecessor, the CPP. Places not utilised from the 1,000-place CSP allocation were filled through the Special Humanitarian Program (SHP) and were fully utilised.

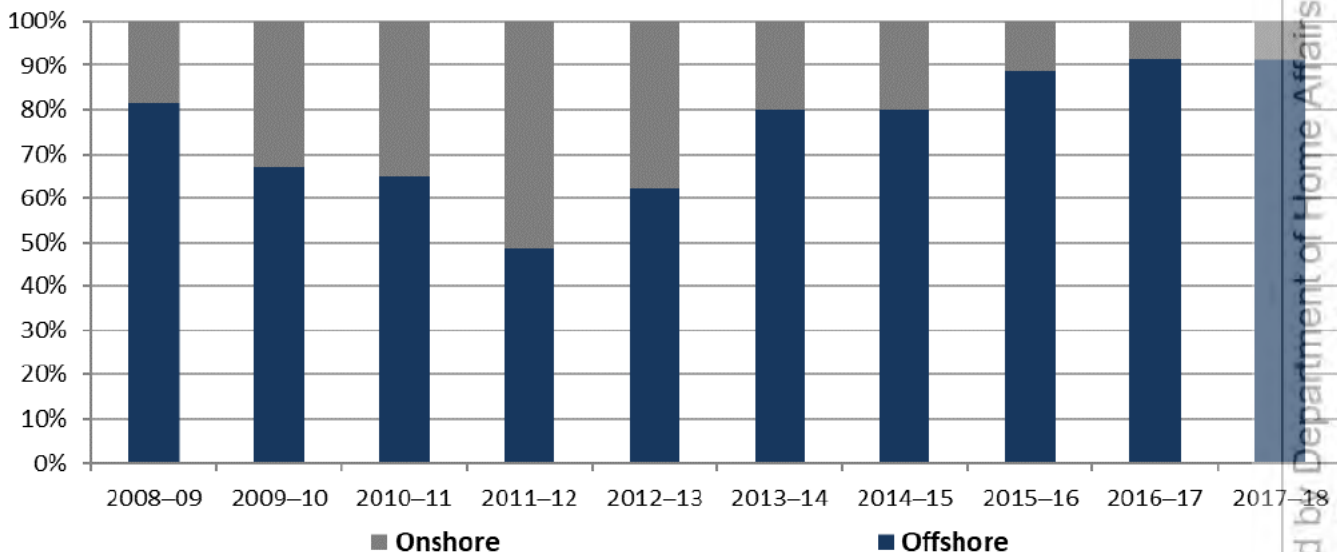
### Humanitarian Program grants by component 2008–09 to 2017–18

**Offshore** resettlement component:

- offers resettlement in Australia for people overseas who are in the greatest need of resettlement.
- comprises visas granted under the:
  - Refugee category; and
  - Special Humanitarian Program (SHP) category.

**Onshore** protection component:

- offers protection for people in Australia who are found to be refugees according to the *Refugees Convention*, the *International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights*, and the *Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment*.



**Notes:**

1. As information has been drawn from dynamic system environments the information provided may differ from previous or future reporting.
2. Offshore Data was extracted from departmental systems on 09 July 2018.
3. Onshore Data was extracted from departmental systems on 02 July 2018.



## 2018–19 Humanitarian Program Allocations and Delivery

Data included in this report is to 31 January 2019.

Data was extracted from departmental systems s. 22(1)(a)(ii)

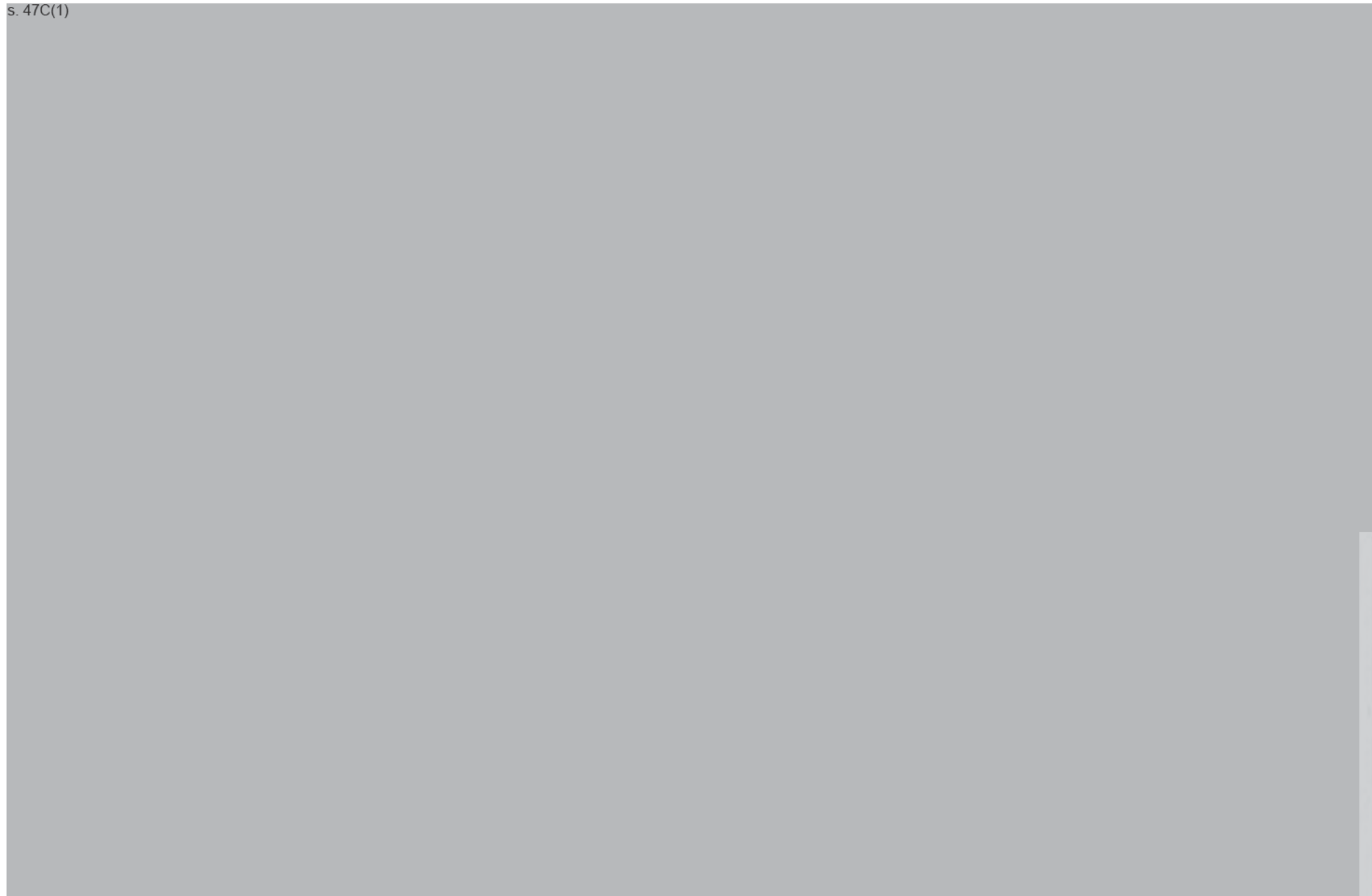
Region/Post	Caseloads	Allocations		
		SHP	CSP	Total
<b>MIDDLE EAST</b>		<b>3,365</b>	<b>475</b>	<b>8,998</b>
Amman	Iraqis, Syrians, Others	1,230	235	2,470
	Yazidis	0	0	1,908
Ankara	Syrians, Iraqis, Others	500	110	830
	Baha'i Iranians	100	0	400
Beirut	Syrians, Iraqis	1,535	130	3,240
Asia Posts (M.E. COB)	Syrian, Iraqis, Palestinian Iraqis	0	0	150
<b>AFRICA</b>		<b>527</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>3,796</b>
Cairo	s. 33(a)(iii) Ethiopians, Eritreans	250	156	851
Nairobi	Congolese, Ethiopians, Eritreans, CAR	277	13	2,945
<b>ASIA</b>		<b>2,550</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>4,006</b>
Dubai	Afghans in Pakistan and LEE	600	340	1,498
	Afghans in Iran	0	0	142
New Delhi	Myanmerese	150	0	180
	Bhutanese	350	0	400
	s. 33(a)(iii)	250	0	250
Bangkok	Myanmarese	450	0	590
	Pakistani Christians Ahmadis	0	0	50
Jakarta	Afghans	0	1	51
Kuala Lumpur	Myanmerese, Others	750	15	845
<b>AMERICAS</b>		<b>200</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>300</b>
Washington	El Salvadorans, Guatemalans, Hondurans, Others	0	0	100
	Venezuelans	200	0	200
<b>Offshore Total</b>		<b>6,642</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>17,100</b>
<b>Onshore Total</b>				<b>1,650</b>
<b>Total Humanitarian Program</b>				<b>18,750</b>

	Allocation	Grants	Balance
Vulnerable Women and Children	2565	870	1695
<b>Syrians and Iraqis</b>			
Persecuted Minorities		Grants	Per cent
	2599	88.6%	
Other	335	11.4%	

- Notes:**
- The attached information has been verified and is provided for the specific purposes of this request. Your area must ensure that disclosure of this information accords with relevant provisions of the ABF Act and any other relevant legislation. Any further use of the information provided will require further consideration by the Public Information and Reporting Section and a separate request should be made to the Humanitarian Data mailbox.
  - The country of birth of principal visa applicants is applied to secondary visa applicants.
  - The religion of principal visa applicants is applied to secondary visa applicants. Religion is self-identified and as declared on application and may include generic responses.

Possible America's caseloads for inclusion in the Humanitarian Program

s. 47C(1)



Released by Department of Home Affairs  
under the *Freedom of Information Act 1982*

UNHCR Referral Requirements for other Humanitarian Posts

s. 47C(1)



Proposed 2018-19 Humanitarian Program Composition					
Region/Post	Caseload/s	Refugee	SHP	CSP	TOTAL
<b>MIDDLE EAST</b>		s. 47C(1)			
Amman	Iraqis/Syrians				
	Yazidis				
Ankara	Syrians/Iraqis				
	Baha'i Iranians				
Beirut	Syrians/Iraqis				
Asia Posts (M.E COB)	Syrian/Iraqis/ Palestinian Iraqis				
<b>AFRICA</b>					
Cairo	Eritreans/Ethiopians/Syrians s. 33(a)(iii)				
Nairobi	Congolese/Ethiopians/Eritreans/CAR				
<b>ASIA</b>					
Dubai	Afghans in Pakistan and LEE				
	Afghans in Iran				
New Delhi	Myanmerese				
	Bhutanese				
	Other				
Bangkok	Myanmarese/Pakistani Christians Ahmadis				
Jakarta	Afghans				
Kuala Lumpur	Myanmerese				
<b>AMERICAS</b>					
Washington	El Salvadorans/Guatemalans/ Hondurans				
	Venezuelans				
<b>Total Offshore Humanitarian Program</b>					
<b>Onshore Humanitarian Program</b>					
					18,750

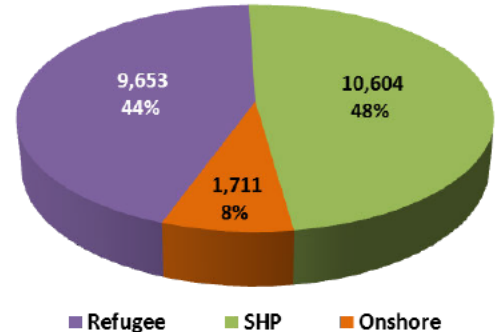
s. 22(1)(a)(ii)



# 2016–17 Humanitarian Programme Outcomes

The 2016–17 Humanitarian Programme was fully delivered, with 21,968\* resettlement visas granted, comprising:

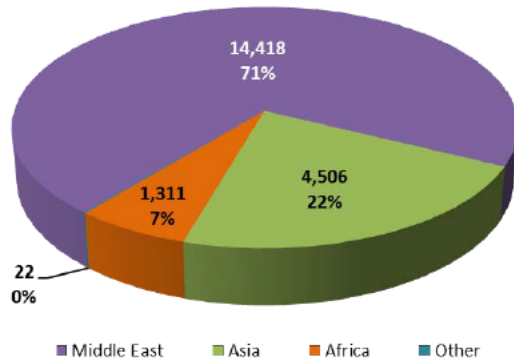
- 20,257\* offshore visas
  - o 9,653\* Refugee category visas
  - o 10,604\* Special Humanitarian Programme (SHP) visas
- 1,711 onshore visas



## Source of offshore grants by Region

Each year, the size and focus of the Programme responds to evolving humanitarian situations and changes to the global need for resettlement.

In line with global resettlement needs, in 2016–17 Australia's offshore Humanitarian Programme focused on three priority regions of the Middle East, Asia and Africa.



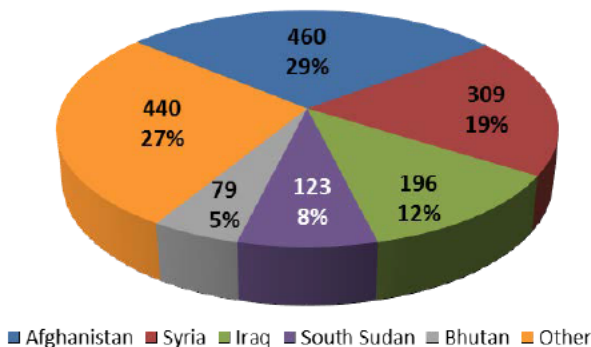
## Offshore grants Top 10 Countries of Birth

Country of Birth	Refugee	SHP	Total
Iraq	2,962	4,516	7,478
Syria	2,059	4,202	6,261
Afghanistan	1,669	289	1,958
Myanmar	1,067	680	1,747
Bhutan	408	147	555
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	315	21	336
Ethiopia	278	45	323
Eritrea	114	209	323
South Sudan	182	134	316
Somalia	134	28	162
Other	465	333	798
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,653</b>	<b>10,604</b>	<b>20,257</b>

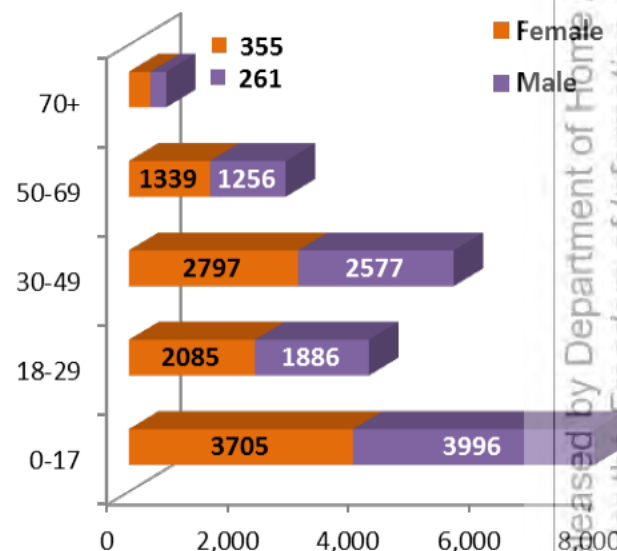
## Vulnerable Women and Children visa grants by top 5 countries of birth

In 2016–17, the Government continued its commitment to resettling highly vulnerable women by setting aside at least 1200 places within the offshore component of the Humanitarian Programme for vulnerable women and their families.

As at 30 June 2017, a total of 1607 visas were granted to vulnerable women and their families.



## Offshore grants By Age and Gender



Released by Department of Home Affairs under the Freedom of Information Act 1982

\*This includes visas granted towards the annual offshore resettlement component of the Humanitarian Programme, and the additional 12,000 places for people displaced by conflict in Syria and Iraq.



## Additional 12,000 humanitarian places for Syrians and Iraqis

In September 2015, the Australian Government announced an additional 12,000 Humanitarian Programme places for people displaced by conflicts in Syria and Iraq. These 12,000 places were in addition to places available to Syrians and Iraqis under Australia's existing Humanitarian Programme.

All 12,000 additional humanitarian visas for people displaced by conflict in Syria and Iraq were granted between November 2015 and 21 March 2017.

Priority for the 12,000 additional humanitarian places was given to people displaced by conflict in Syria and Iraq who were:

- assessed as being most vulnerable: persecuted minorities, women, children and families with the least prospect of ever returning safely to their homes;
- located in Lebanon, Jordan and Turkey.

## Yazidis resettled in 2016–17

In 2016–17, the Humanitarian Programme delivered on the Government's priority of resettling persecuted minorities from the Middle East including Yazidi groups from Syria and Iraq who are living in Turkey and Iraq.

In 2016–17, 668 Yazidis were granted offshore humanitarian visas. Many persons from this vulnerable group have high levels of trauma, with a number having experienced abuse and sexual slavery.

The Government continues to facilitate their successful settlement in Australia by providing appropriate and targeted settlement services.

Yazidis will continue to be resettled in 2017-18.

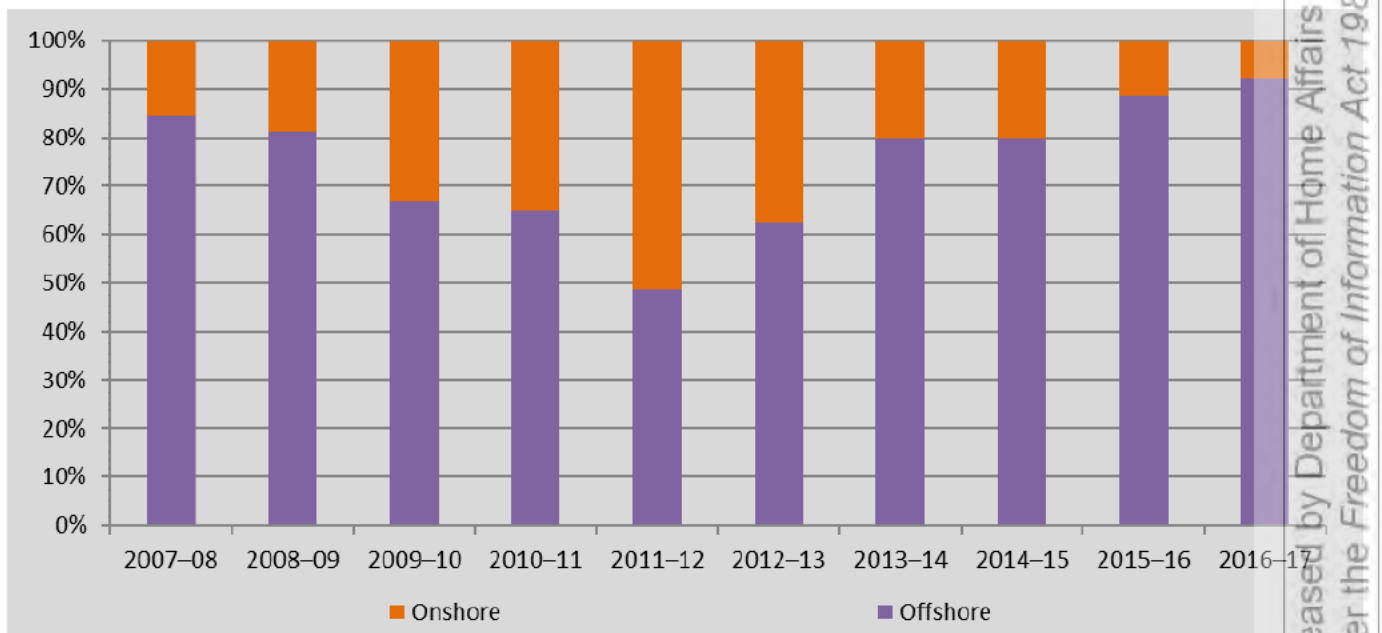
## Humanitarian Programme grants by component 2007–08 to 2016–17

**Offshore** resettlement component:

- offers resettlement in Australia for people overseas who are in the greatest need of resettlement.
- comprises visas granted under the:
  - Refugee category; and
  - Special Humanitarian Programme (SHP) category.

**Onshore** protection component:

- offers protection for people in Australia who are found to be refugees according to the *Refugees Convention*, the *International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights*, and the *Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment*.



2016–17 Humanitarian Programme Outcomes

**Notes:**

1. As information has been drawn from dynamic system environments the information provided may differ from previous or future reporting.
2. Offshore Data was extracted from DIBP systems on 03 July 2017.
3. Onshore Data was extracted from DIBP systems on 02 July 2017.